## § 99.10

- (i) Created by a law enforcement unit;
- (ii) Created for a law enforcement purpose; and
- (iii) Maintained by the law enforcement unit.
- (2) Records of a law enforcement unit does not mean—
- (i) Records created by a law enforcement unit for a law enforcement purpose that are maintained by a component of the educational agency or institution other than the law enforcement unit; or
- (ii) Records created and maintained by a law enforcement unit exclusively for a non-law enforcement purpose, such as a disciplinary action or proceeding conducted by the educational agency or institution.
- (c)(1) Nothing in the Act prohibits an educational agency or institution from contacting its law enforcement unit, orally or in writing, for the purpose of asking that unit to investigate a possible violation of, or to enforce, any local, State, or Federal law.
- (2) Education records, and personally identifiable information contained in education records, do not lose their status as education records and remain subject to the Act, including the disclosure provisions of §99.30, while in the possession of the law enforcement unit.
- (d) The Act neither requires nor prohibits the disclosure by an educational agency or institution of its law enforcement unit records.

(Authority: 20~U.S.C.~1232g(a)(4)(B)(ii))

[60 FR 3469, Jan. 17, 1995]

## Subpart B—What Are the Rights of Inspection and Review of Education Records?

## § 99.10 What rights exist for a parent or eligible student to inspect and review education records?

- (a) Except as limited under §99.12, a parent or eligible student must be given the opportunity to inspect and review the student's education records. This provision applies to—
- (1) Any educational agency or institution; and
- (2) Any State educational agency (SEA) and its components.

- (i) For the purposes of subpart B of this part, an SEA and its components constitute an educational agency or institution.
- (ii) An SEA and its components are subject to subpart B of this part if the SEA maintains education records on students who are or have been in attendance at any school of an educational agency or institution subject to the Act and this part.
- (b) The educational agency or institution, or SEA or its component, shall comply with a request for access to records within a reasonable period of time, but not more than 45 days after it has received the request.
- (c) The educational agency or institution, or SEA or its component shall respond to reasonable requests for explanations and interpretations of the records.
- (d) If circumstances effectively prevent the parent or eligible student from exercising the right to inspect and review the student's education records, the educational agency or institution, or SEA or its component, shall—
- (1) Provide the parent or eligible student with a copy of the records requested; or
- (2) Make other arrangements for the parent or eligible student to inspect and review the requested records.
- (e) The educational agency or institution, or SEA or its component shall not destroy any education records if there is an outstanding request to inspect and review the records under this section.
- (f) While an education agency or institution is not required to give an eligible student access to treatment records under paragraph (b)(4) of the definition of *Education records* in §99.3, the student may have those records reviewed by a physician or other appropriate professional of the student's choice.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1232g(a)(1) (A) and (B)) [53 FR 11943, Apr. 11, 1988, as amended at 61 FR 59296, Nov. 21, 1996]

## § 99.11 May an educational agency or institution charge a fee for copies of education records?

(a) Unless the imposition of a fee effectively prevents a parent or eligible